

# INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL FOR LEGAL RESEARCH AND ANALYSIS



Open Access, Refereed Journal Multi-Disciplinary  
Peer Reviewed

[www.ijlra.com](http://www.ijlra.com)

## DISCLAIMER

No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored, transmitted, or distributed in any form or by any means, whether electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without prior written permission of the Managing Editor of the *International Journal for Legal Research & Analysis (IJLRA)*.

The views, opinions, interpretations, and conclusions expressed in the articles published in this journal are solely those of the respective authors. They do not necessarily reflect the views of the Editorial Board, Editors, Reviewers, Advisors, or the Publisher of IJLRA.

Although every reasonable effort has been made to ensure the accuracy, authenticity, and proper citation of the content published in this journal, neither the Editorial Board nor IJLRA shall be held liable or responsible, in any manner whatsoever, for any loss, damage, or consequence arising from the use, reliance upon, or interpretation of the information contained in this publication.

The content published herein is intended solely for academic and informational purposes and shall not be construed as legal advice or professional opinion.

**Copyright © International Journal for Legal Research & Analysis.  
All rights reserved.**

## ABOUT US

The *International Journal for Legal Research & Analysis (IJLRA)* (ISSN: 2582-6433) is a peer-reviewed, academic, online journal published on a monthly basis. The journal aims to provide a comprehensive and interactive platform for the publication of original and high-quality legal research.

IJLRA publishes Short Articles, Long Articles, Research Papers, Case Comments, Book Reviews, Essays, and interdisciplinary studies in the field of law and allied disciplines. The journal seeks to promote critical analysis and informed discourse on contemporary legal, social, and policy issues.

The primary objective of IJLRA is to enhance academic engagement and scholarly dialogue among law students, researchers, academicians, legal professionals, and members of the Bar and Bench. The journal endeavours to establish itself as a credible and widely cited academic publication through the publication of original, well-researched, and analytically sound contributions.

IJLRA welcomes submissions from all branches of law, provided the work is original, unpublished, and submitted in accordance with the prescribed submission guidelines. All manuscripts are subject to a rigorous peer-review process to ensure academic quality, originality, and relevance.

Through its publications, the *International Journal for Legal Research & Analysis* aspires to contribute meaningfully to legal scholarship and the development of law as an instrument of justice and social progress.

## ***PUBLICATION ETHICS, COPYRIGHT & AUTHOR RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT***

The *International Journal for Legal Research and Analysis (IJLRA)* is committed to upholding the highest standards of publication ethics and academic integrity. All manuscripts submitted to the journal must be original, unpublished, and free from plagiarism, data fabrication, falsification, or any form of unethical research or publication practice. Authors are solely responsible for the accuracy, originality, legality, and ethical compliance of their work and must ensure that all sources are properly cited and that necessary permissions for any third-party copyrighted material have been duly obtained prior to submission. Copyright in all published articles vests with IJLRA, unless otherwise expressly stated, and authors grant the journal the irrevocable right to publish, reproduce, distribute, and archive their work in print and electronic formats. The views and opinions expressed in the articles are those of the authors alone and do not reflect the views of the Editors, Editorial Board, Reviewers, or Publisher. IJLRA shall not be liable for any loss, damage, claim, or legal consequence arising from the use, reliance upon, or interpretation of the content published. By submitting a manuscript, the author(s) agree to fully indemnify and hold harmless the journal, its Editor-in-Chief, Editors, Editorial Board, Reviewers, Advisors, Publisher, and Management against any claims, liabilities, or legal proceedings arising out of plagiarism, copyright infringement, defamation, breach of confidentiality, or violation of third-party rights. The journal reserves the absolute right to reject, withdraw, retract, or remove any manuscript or published article in case of ethical or legal violations, without incurring any liability.

# **WOMEN AND CHILDREN PROTECTION IN INDIA** **UNDER CYBER CRIME**

AUTHORED BY - M VIGNESH & J ANUSREE

## **1. Introduction**

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: NCRB Cyber Crime Report, Government of India.

## **2. Background of Study**

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: Pavan Duggal, Cyber Law in India.

### **3. Statement of Problem**

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges

in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: Information Technology Act, 2000.

#### **4. Objectives of the Study**

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: POCSO Act, 2012.

#### **5. Research Questions**

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges

in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: Shreya Singhal v. Union of India (2015).

## 6. Hypothesis

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as

cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: Justice K.S. Puttaswamy v. Union of India (2017).

## 7. Literature Review

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: NCRB Cyber Crime Report, Government of India.

## 8. Research Methodology

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as

cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: Pavan Duggal, Cyber Law in India.

## 9. Scope and Limitations

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and

children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: Information Technology Act, 2000.

## 10. Constitutional Framework

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: POCSO Act, 2012.

## 11. Statutory Framework

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: Shreya Singhal v. Union of India (2015).

## 12. Case Law Analysis

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and

children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: Justice K.S. Puttaswamy v. Union of India (2017).

### **13.Challenges in Cyber Crime**

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: NCRB Cyber Crime Report, Government of India.

#### **14. Role of Government and Institutions**

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: Pavan Duggal, Cyber Law in India.

#### **15. Technological Challenges**

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges

in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: Information Technology Act, 2000.

## **16. Recommendations**

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as

cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: POCSO Act, 2012.

## 17. Expected Outcomes

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: Shreya Singhal v. Union of India (2015).

## 18. Significance of Study

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and

children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: Justice K.S. Puttaswamy v. Union of India (2017).

## 19. Timeline

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: NCRB Cyber Crime Report, Government of India.

## 20. Conclusion

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Cybercrime has emerged as a serious threat in the digital era, particularly affecting women and children. The increasing use of internet technologies has led to new forms of offences such as cyberstalking, harassment, and online exploitation. Legal frameworks exist but face challenges in enforcement and awareness.

Footnote: Pavan Duggal, Cyber Law in India.